# 3-4-50: Chronic Disease Deaths in San Diego County – Central Region, 2000-2012

### What is 3-4-50?

Chronic diseases are now the major cause of death and disability worldwide, having surpassed infectious diseases and injuries. This reflects an improvement in the prevention and treatment of infectious diseases and significant changes in dietary habits, physical activity levels, and tobacco use in the population. Three behaviors (poor diet, physical inactivity, and tobacco use) contribute to **four** chronic diseases (cancer, heart disease and stroke, type 2 diabetes, and pulmonary diseases such as asthma) that cause over **50** percent of all deaths worldwide. This is the foundation of the 3-4-50 concept. The influence of these three unhealthy behaviors may be seen in San Diego County as these four chronic diseases are the most common causes of death and disability in our region. Considered together, the 3-4-50 diseases cost \$4 billion in direct treatment expenditures in San Diego County in 2007.

## 3-4-50 in San Diego County

From 2000 to 2012, there has been a decrease in the percentage of County deaths due to chronic disease, as well as a decrease in the rate of chronic disease related deaths. In 2000, 63% of all deaths were due to chronic disease. However, by 2012, the percentage had decreased to 54%. In addition, the rate of chronic disease deaths decreased from 440.6 per 100,000 in 2000 to 346.2 per 100,000 in 2012. Among the Regions, the South Region had the highest percentage of deaths due to chronic disease in every year from 2000 to 2012. However, the South Region also had the lowest number of deaths from all causes in the County during the same time period. The rate of death due to chronic disease was highest in the East Region and lowest in the Central Region for nearly each year from 2000 to 2012. Within the Regions there were considerable differences in the percentage of deaths due to chronic disease among the Subregional Areas (SRAs), as well as in chronic disease death rates. More detailed information is provided in the following tables and graphs.





# **Understanding Public Health Data**

This document presents San Diego County death statistics on stroke, coronary heart disease (CHD), diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), asthma, and cancer from 2000 – 2012.

- A percentage is a way to express how small or large a quantity is relative to another quantity.
- A rate is the number of cases divided by the population, usually multiplied by a constant. For example 987 cases, divided by population of 654,321 would be a rate of 150.8 per 100,000 population. This means for every 100,000 people, 150-151 cases would be expected.

Both measures are provided to give a more balanced look at the burden of chronic disease within the County. Percentages allow for the comparison of the number chronic disease deaths relative to the number of deaths overall. Percentages are influenced by both the number of chronic disease deaths and the number of all cause deaths. It is important to keep this in mind when interpreting the data. For example, two Regions could have the same number of chronic disease deaths, but could have completely different percentages of chronic disease deaths based on the number all cause deaths in each area.

	Region A	Region B			
Number of Chronic Disease Deaths	50	50			
Number of All Cause Deaths	100	80			
Percentage of Deaths Due to Chronic Disease	(50/100)*100% = 50%	(50/80)*100% = 62.5%			

Rates were calculated to allow for comparison of between Regions, accounting for the size of the each area's population.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Public Health Services, Community Health Statistics Unit, "Economic Burden of Chronic Disease" (September 2010).





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>World Health Organization (WHO). "The Global Strategy on Diet, Physical Activity and Health." http://www.who.int/dietphysicalactivity/media/en/gsfs\_general.pdf (Accessed July 22, 2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 3Four50, www.3four50.com (Accessed July 22, 2014).

# 3-4-50 Deaths in San Diego County - Central Region, 2000-2012

The following tables and charts display trends in chronic disease deaths for the Central Region of San Diego County.

3-4-50 Death <sup>†</sup> Percentages Am By SRA	nong San D	iego Cour	nty Reside	ents - Cen	tral Regio	n, 2000-20	012		_				
Area	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
San Diego County <sup>a</sup>	63%	63%	61%	60%	59%	58%	57%	57%	56%	56%	56%	54%	54%
Central Region	61%	60%	59%	58%	58%	55%	56%	56%	55%	56%	57%	55%	54%
SRA													
Central San Diego	58%	57%	58%	55%	57%	54%	54%	54%	54%	53%	56%	53%	52%
Mid City	63%	62%	57%	60%	56%	55%	58%	57%	54%	55%	55%	54%	53%
Southeastern San Diego	63%	61%	64%	59%	60%	55%	56%	57%	58%	59%	62%	57%	59%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Deaths with unknown Region or SRA are reflected in the county total, but not in the individual categories. Category sums may not add up to county total.

Prepared by County of San Diego (CoSD), Health & Human Services Agency (HHSA), Community Health Statistics, 2014.

3-4-50 Death Rates* Among S By SRA	San Diego (	County Re	sidents -	Central R	egion, 200	00-2012							
Area	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
San Diego County <sup>a</sup>	440.6	435.2	402.8	402.7	386.7	373.8	357.8	353.1	347.5	336.6	347.0	347.0	346.2
Central Region	391.3	377.3	363.5	347.7	339.8	318.2	304.3	297.0	286.3	294.8	310.7	305.2	305.2
SRA													
Central San Diego	458.2	441.2	420.1	393.4	380.5	345.9	332.9	315.3	313.9	302.8	322.5	305.5	298.5
Mid City	370.6	366.7	328.6	334.7	310.7	303.0	295.7	286.2	254.4	271.9	296.2	291.1	269.9
Southeastern San Diego	346.8	323.9	344.1	315.6	329.7	305.1	284.0	289.4	290.8	310.3	313.2	319.7	338.1

<sup>\*</sup> Rates per 100,000 population.

 $Prepared \ by \ County \ of \ San \ Diego \ (CoSD), \ Health \ \& \ Human \ Services \ Agency (HHSA), \ Community \ Health \ Statistics, 2014.$ 





<sup>† 3-4-50</sup> Deaths include Stroke, Coronary Heart Disease (CHD), Diabetes, COPD, Asthma, and Cancer.

<sup>§</sup> Rates and Percentages not calculated for fewer than 5 events. Rates not calculated in cases where zip code is unknown.

Source: Death Statistical Master Files (CA DPH), County of San Diego, Health & Human Services Agency, Epidemiology & Immunization Services Branch;

SANDAG, Current Population Estimates, 10/2012.

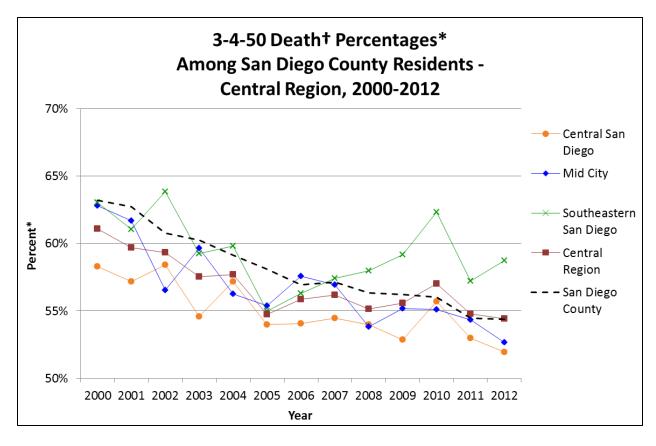
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<sup>\*3-4-50</sup> deaths as a percentage of all cause deaths.

†3-Four-50 Deaths include Stroke, Coronary Heart Disease (CHD), Diabetes, COPD, Asthma, and Cancer.

§Percents not calculated for fewer than 5 events. Percents not calculated in cases where zip code is unknown.

‡Percents not shown due to fewer than 5 events.

Source: Death Statistical Master Files (CA DPH), County of San Diego, Health & Human Services Agency, Epidemiology & Immunization Branch: SANDAG, Current Population Estimates, 10/2012.

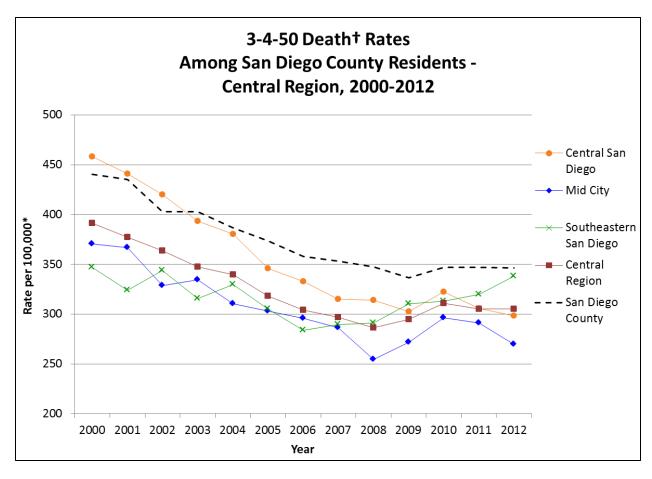
Prepared by County of San Diego (CoSD), Health & Human Services Agency (HHSA), Community Health Statistics, 2014.

## 3-4-50 in the Central Region:

- Overall, the percentage of deaths due to chronic disease decreased in the Central Region and its Subregional Areas (SRAs) from 2000 2012.
- Compared to the County, the Central Region had lower percentages of deaths due to chronic disease in every year from 2000 – 2012.
- Among the Central Region SRAs, Mid City and Southeastern San Diego tended to have the highest percentages of deaths due to chronic disease from 2000 – 2012.
- Among the Central Region SRAs, Central San Diego tended to have the lowest percentages of deaths due to chronic disease from 2000-2012.







<sup>\*3-4-50</sup> deaths as a percentage of all cause deaths.

Prepared by County of San Diego (CoSD), Health & Human Services Agency (HHSA), Community Health Statistics, 2014.

### 3-4-50 in the Central Region:

- Overall, the chronic disease death rate decreased in the Central Region and its SRAs from 2000 – 2012.
- Among the Central Region SRAs, Southeastern San Diego had the highest rates
  of chronic disease death in 2011 and 2012. Central San Diego had the highest
  chronic disease death rates in every year from 2000-2009.
- Among the Central Region SRAs, Mid City had the lowest chronic disease death rate in 2012 and was one of the lowest, in each year previously.





<sup>+3-</sup>Four-50 Deaths include Stroke, Coronary Heart Disease (CHD), Diabetes, COPD, Asthma, and Cancer.

<sup>§</sup>Rates not calculated for fewer than 5 events. Percents not calculated in cases where zip code is unknown.

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Source: Death Statistical Master Files (CA DPH), County of San Diego, Health & Human Services Agency, Epidemiology & Immunization Branch: SANDAG, Current Population Estimates, 10/2012.